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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/786,725	02/25/2004	Kirk D. Swenson	3896-031736 (P-6004)	2750
32182	7590	10/11/2006	EXAMINER	
DAVID W. HIGHET, VP AND CHIEF IP COUNSEL BECTON DICKINSON AND COMPANY [THE WEBB LAW FIRM] FRANKLIN LAKES, NJ 07414-1880			TOWA, RENE T	
		ART UNIT		PAPER NUMBER
				3736

DATE MAILED: 10/11/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/786,725	SWENSON ET AL.
	Examiner Rene Towa	Art Unit 3736

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).

Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 July 2006.
- 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-9 and 23-26 is/are pending in the application.
 - 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1-9 and 23-26 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.

Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 - a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 7/20/06.
- 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.
- 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

1. This Office action is responsive to an amendment filed July 20, 2006. Claims 1-9 and 23-26 are pending. Claims 10-22 and 27-38 have been cancelled. No claim has been added. Claim 1 has been amended.

Claim Objections

2. The objections are withdrawn due to amendments.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

4. Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Newby et al. (US Patent No. 6,298,541).

In regards to claim 1, Newby et al. disclose(s) a holder assembly comprising:

a holder housing capable of receiving a sample collection tube within a rearward end, a forward end of the holder housing including a needle receiving port for receiving a needle cannula 40 therein and an annular skirt extending about the needle receiving port; and

a safety shield 140 pivotably attached to a collar 90, said collar 90 having an opening therethrough for receiving a needle cannula 40 therethrough, the collar 90 received between the annular skirt and the needle receiving port of the holder housing such that the safety shield 140 is capable of being pivoted over at least a portion of a needle received within the needle receiving port of the holder housing,

wherein the safety shield 140 and the collar 90 are rotatable with respect to the holder housing about an axis of the holder housing (see figs. 2, 7-8 & 10-13).

In regards to claim 2, Newby et al. disclose(s) a holder assembly wherein the collar 90 is annular (see fig. 2).

In regards to claim 3, Newby et al. disclose(s) a holder assembly wherein the shield 140 comprises a rearward end, a forward end, a longitudinal opening in the forward end for receiving a needle, and a hanger bar 182 on the rearward end adapted to connect the safety shield 140 to the collar 90 (see fig. 7).

In regards to claim 4, Newby et al. disclose(s) a holder assembly wherein the collar 90 comprises a hook arm 114, the hook arm 114 engages the hanger bar 182 for connecting the safety shield 140 to the collar 90 whereby there is an interface fit between the hanger bar 182 and the hook arm 114 (see fig. 7).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

6. Claims 1-6, and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hollister (US Patent No. 4,982,842).

In regards to claim 1, Hollister disclose(s) a holder assembly comprising:
a holder housing 72 capable of receiving a sample collection tube within a rearward end, a forward end of the holder housing 72 including a needle receiving port for receiving a needle cannula 68 therein and an annular skirt extending about the needle receiving port; and

a safety shield 14 pivotably attached to a collar 2b, said collar 2b having an opening therethrough for receiving a needle cannula 68 therethrough, the collar 2b received between the annular skirt 76 and the needle receiving port of the holder housing 72 such that the safety shield 14 is capable of being pivoted over at least a portion of a needle received within the needle receiving port of the holder housing 72, wherein the safety shield 14 and the collar 2b are rotatable with respect to the holder housing 72 about an axis of the holder housing 72 (see figs. 1A & 4).

In regards to claim 2, Hollister disclose(s) a holder assembly wherein the collar 2b is annular (see fig. 4).

In regards to claim 3, Hollister disclose(s) a holder assembly wherein the shield 14 comprises a rearward end, a forward end, a longitudinal opening in the forward end for receiving a needle, and a hanger bar 8 on the rearward end capable of connecting the safety shield 14 to the collar 2b (see fig. 1A).

In regards to claim 4, Hollister disclose(s) a holder assembly wherein the collar 2b comprises a hook arm 12, the hook arm 12 engages the hanger bar 8 for connecting the safety shield 14 to the collar 2b whereby there is an interface fit between the hanger bar 8 and the hook arm 12 (see fig. 1A).

In regards to claim 5, Hollister disclose(s) a holder assembly wherein an outer surface of the collar 2b includes a protrusion 18 and an inner surface of the annular skirt 76 includes a groove 78, the groove 78 on the annular skirt 76 capable of receiving the protrusion 18 on the annular collar 2b, thereby providing an interface fit when the collar

2b is received between the annular skirt 76 and the needle receiving port of the holder housing 72 (see fig. 4).

In regards to claim 6, Hollister disclose(s) a holder assembly wherein the protrusion 18 is annular and extends around the outer surface of the collar 2b and the groove 78 is annular and extends around the inner surface of the annular skirt 76 (see fig. 4).

In regards to claim 9, Hollister disclose(s) a holder assembly wherein the shield 14 and the collar 2b are integral and attached through a living hinge 12 (see figs. 1A & 4).

Hollister discloses a device, as described above, that teaches all the limitations of the claims except Hollister does not expressly disclose an annular skirt, a safety shield and a collar; wherein the safety shield and a collar can be radially rotated to a desired position around the axis without the axial movement of the collar along the axis. However, Hollister discloses a device, in separate embodiment, wherein a safety shield and a collar can be radially rotated to a desired position around the axis without the axial movement of the collar along the axis. As such, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time Applicant's invention was made to provide a device similar to that of Hollister, as disclosed in figure 4, with a safety shield and a collar that can be radially rotated to a desired position around the axis without the axial movement of the collar along the axis, as disclosed in figure 3, since such a modification would amount to a design choice. Moreover, the Applicant has not disclosed that having a *safety shield and a collar that can be radially rotated to a desired position around the*

axis without the axial movement of the collar along the axis provides an advantage, is used for a particular purpose, or solves a stated problem. It has previously been held that merely changing aesthetic design is not patentable--See In re Seid, 161 F.2d 229, 231, 73 USPQ 431, 433 (CCPA 1947).

7. Claims 7 and 23-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Newby et al. ('541) in view of Cameron (US Patent No. 5,197,954).

In regards to claim 23, Newby et al. disclose(s) a holder assembly comprising:

a holder housing capable of receiving a sample collection tube within a rearward end, a forward end of the holder housing including a needle receiving port for receiving a needle cannula 40 therein, the holder housing having an annular skirt extending from the forward end, and

a collar 90 which attaches to the forward end of the holder housing, the collar 90 having a hook arm 114 for connection of a safety shield 140.

In regards to claim 24, Newby et al. disclose(s) a holder assembly wherein the collar 90 is rotatable about an axis of the holder housing.

In regards to claim 25, Newby et al. disclose(s) a holder assembly wherein the collar 90 further comprises an interior opening for receiving a needle cannula 40 therein.

In regards to claim 26, Newby et al. disclose(s) a holder assembly wherein the interior opening includes structure for engagement with corresponding mating structure on a needle cannula 40 assembly (see figs. 2, 7-8 & 10-13).

Newby et al. discloses a holder assembly, as described above in claims 4 and 23, that teaches all the limitations of the claim except Newby et al. do not teach a holder

assembly wherein the annular skirt abuts the hook arm when the holder housing and the collar 90 are in an attached position. However, Cameron discloses a holder assembly wherein an annular skirt 72 abuts a hook arm 84 when a holder housing 12 and a collar 72 are in an attached position (see fig. 5).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art the time Applicant's invention was made to provide a device similar to that of Newby et al. with an abutment structure similar to that of Cameron in order to releasably lock or firmly hold the base of the collar against the holder housing (see Cameron, column 7/lines 1-8 & 13-17).

8. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hollister ('541) in view of Cosme (US Patent No. 6,077,253).

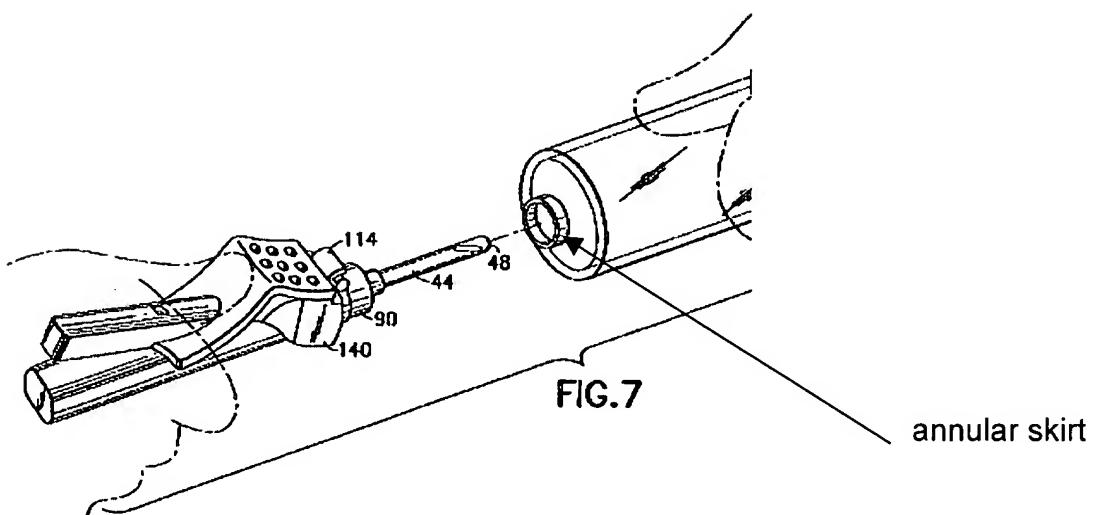
Hollister discloses an apparatus, as described above, that teaches all the limitations of the claim except Hollister does not teach a plurality of slits. However, Cosme discloses a holder assembly comprising a plurality of slits 16 (see fig. 3). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time Applicant's invention was made to provide an apparatus similar to that of Hollister with slits similar to those of Cosme in order to restrain rotational movement of the collar (see Cosme, column 3/lines 1-12).

Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments filed July 20, 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues that Newby et al. (hereinafter Newby) fails to disclose a device wherein a safety shield and a collar can be radially rotated to a desired position

around the axis without the axial movement of the collar along the axis. This argument has been considered and has not been deemed persuasive.

In regards to the Applicant's argument that Newby fails to teach to disclose a device wherein a safety shield and a collar can be radially rotated to a desired position around the axis without the axial movement of the collar along the axis, the Examiner respectfully disagrees. As better depicted in figure 7, Newby discloses a device that comprises an annular skirt attached to the housing and a safety shield and a collar can be radially rotated to a desired position around the axis without the axial movement of the collar along the axis (see illustration below, see rejections supra).



Conclusion

10. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Rene Towa whose telephone number is (571) 272-8758. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 8:00-16:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Max Hindenburg can be reached on (571) 272-4726. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

RTT



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